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From Monday January 5. to Thursday January 8. 1707.

WHEREAS all Merchants, Commanders of Ships, and others who have Commissions or Letters of Marque, or Commissions for private Men of War against the Enemy, are, by the 21st Article of the Instructions delivered to them with their Commissions, obliged from Time to Time to observe all such other Instructions and Orders as Her Majesty shall think fit to direct: And whereas Her Majesty, for the better carrying on of Her Service, has thought fit to add the additional Instruction hereafter inserted; all Persons concerned are to take Notice thereof, and to conform themselves to the same accordingly.

THAT all Prisoners which shall be taken abroad by any Ship having Letter of Marque, or Commission for private Men of War, and which shall be afterwards obliged to put into any Foreign Port, shall be delivered to the French *Consul or Agent there, whose Receipt is to be demanded and taken for them, expressing not only their Names, but their Quality; except such Prisoners only as the Commanding Officer of such private Man of War, or Ship with Letters of Marque, shall think proper to bring Home to be examined, in order to the Condemnation of any Prize wherein such Prisoners shall be taken; the which Receipts are to be transmitted, by the very first Opportunity which shall present, to Her Majesty's Commissioners for Sick and Wounded Seamen, and the Exchange of Prisoners of War, at their Office in* Westminster, *the better to enable them to demand from Time to Time, from the said Officers of the* French *King, the like Number of Prisoners, Her Majesty's Subjects, in lieu of them. But in case there shall be no* French *Officers at the Foreign Ports where the aforementioned Ships shall arrive, that then the like Receipt be taken from the Commanding Officer of the Prize Ship whereunto the Prisoners to be put on Shore at the said Ports shall belong, and transmitted to the Commissioners for the Exchange of Prisoners of War, as aforesaid.*

Vienna, Dec. 31. *N. S.* Those of the Hungarian Nobility who continue in their Allegiance to the House of Austria, have very urgently sollicited his Imperial Majesty to issue a Proclamation against such as have revolted from their Obedience. The Emperor has thereupon published an Edict, by which all the Transactions in the several Assemblies held by Prince Ragotzki and his Adherents, particularly in the Meeting at Onod, are declared void; and the Subjects of Hungary are by the same Declaration strictly required to refuse Obedience to any Resolutions made in those Councils. The Malecontents having found an Invasion on this Side of the Waag impracticable, by reason of the late overflowing of the River, are marched with a considerable Detachment towards Jablunka, on the Frontiers of Poland, in order to force that Pass, and make an Irruption into Silesia; but the Place is so well provided with all Things necessary for the Defence of it, that we have no Apprehensions of the Enemy's Success in that Attempt. Some Troops under the Command of Anthony Esterhasi are in Motion, with a Design to reinforce the Blockade of Alba Regalis: And the Malecontents have issued a Prohibition against the Inhabitants of the neighbouring Villages who shall supply the Town with Provisions. An Officer who came hither from Oedenburg brings Advice, That Colonel Schilling, upon Notice that some Hungarian Troops were quarter'd in a Village call'd Closter, march'd out of Oedenburg on the 26th Instant in the Evening with a Party of 200 Horse: He arriv'd at Closter at the Break of Day, where he immediately surpriz'd the Guard, enter'd the Village, put all the Malecontents to the Sword, and carried off a considerable Number of Horses, with 3 Standards and two Drums. Two Thousand of the Enemy's Forces who lay in Guntz took the Alarm, and pursued the Party; but the Colonel marched with such Expedition, that he return'd to Oedenburg without the Loss of one Man.

Berne, Jan. 4. We have received repeated Advices, That the French Troops are in Motion on the Frontiers of Neufchatel; and that the Enemy is advanced so far, that they expect an Invasion of that Principality. Deputies of this Canton are gone to visit the Frontiers. The 4000 Men demanded from us draw together with all the Expedition imaginable, and will within 3 Days be in a readiness for a Rendezvous. All the Militia of the adjacent Country have Orders to march on the first Alarm. The whole Helvetick Body think fit to stand upon their Guard on this Occasion; and have summoned a General Diet to meet at Baden on the 15th Instant.

Berlin, January 7. Monsieur Burckard, his Majesty's Resident at Hamburgh, arrived here yesterday, and will within few Days receive Instructions to go into Silesia, where he is to promote, in his Majesty's Name, the Interests of the Reform'd Religion. The Elector of Hanover has acquainted the King, That there arise some Inconveniences in the Country of Darmstatt, where his Majesty's Regiment of Horse is at present quartered, by reason those Troops refuse to pay any other Rates for their Provisions than what they give within their King's own Dominions. His Majesty, upon that Representation of his Electoral Highness, sent immediate Orders that his Troops should in that Particular be under the same Regulation which is observ'd by the Imperial Forces in those Quarters. Part of the Troops which are marching out of Prussia has already passed the Vistula. They write from Dresden, That King Augustus has taken much more moderate Resolutions towards the *Reform'd* in the Country of Saxe-Barby since the Arrival of their Prince in his Majesty's Court; and 'tis not doubted but that the Order for the Banishment of that People will be countermanded. Baron Stein having obtain'd an Order that the remaining Part of the Regiment of Nassau-Dillinburg should march out of the Country of Bareith, set out immediately to acquaint the Margrave his Master with that Instruction. Letters from Warsaw of the 24th of the last Month inform us, That the Generals of the Crown Army had met at Furobing; but that the Absence of the Great General of the Crown had prevented their coming to any Resolution. General Mezeppa was marching from Kiow towards Batur, where he designs to stay till the opening of the Campagne. King Stanislaus has translated Monsieur Gomaliki, Bishop of Kiow, to the See of Posnanie, upon the Death of the late Bishop of that Diocese. Those Letters add, That the Swedes have make two new Bridges, one below Roelauk, the other below Rairepsk, with a Design to attack the Muscovites; but 'tis thought they will, for the Conveniency of their March, stay till the next hard Frost before they make any Motion.

Hague, Jan. 13. *N. S.* The States of Guelderland are to assemble next Week: At which Time, 'tis hoped, their Differences will be wholly determined; the Town of Nimmeguen having already made void, by a voluntary Act of their own, all the Resolutions which they had taken in the late Dispute. They write from France, That the Duke of Berwick received an Order from Court, in his Journey to Paris, by which he was commanded to return into Spain; and that the Duke of Orleans designed to be in Arragon on the 16th of the next Month. The States General have

renewed